

	To be filled in by the candidate	For Objective Type Questions	
		Page No.	Marks
5	Subject		,
1	Name of the Paper		
1	No. of additional sheets (if any):-		
	Instructions to candidate		
	Please read this instructions carefully before you start writing your answers.		
1.	This answerbook has 28 pages. Please check before writing whether the book is complete and in good condition.		
2.	in the main answer book and the additional answer book, if any. Writing this details anywhere else on the answer book		
	will invalidate your examination.		
3.	Do not write your name or the name of your College/ Institutions anywhere or anything else, which is not a part of your answer.		
4.	Write legibly on both sides of the paper. Strating from		
_	Page No. 1	For Descriptive Type Questions	
5.	You may use some space for your rough notes or calculations on the answer book if you so desire. These rough notes, calculations must be scored out before submitting the answer book.	Page No.	Marks
6.	Do not bring any book or loose paper in the examination hall.		
7.	Do not tear any page from the Answer Book.		
8.	Do not write anything on the question paper or blotting paper or any pieces of paper while you are in the examination hall.		
9.	Any act of indiscipline or misbehaviour in the examination hall will result in your expulsion.		3
10.	No examinee is allowed to leave the examination hall until 30 (thirty) minutes lapse after the commencement of the examination.		
11.	Additional answer sheet will be supplied after the main answer book is exhausted.		
12.	Use of cell phone, calculator or any electronic devises in the examination hall is strictly prohibited unless specified		,

Serial No. G				
Date Stamp				
Objective Booklet A				
To be filled in by the candidate				
Year/Semester				
EXAMINATIONS 20				
ROLL NO.				
REGD. NO				
SUBJECT				
PAPER/COURSE NO. :				
No. of addl. sheets (if any) :-				

in the Question Paper.

ECO/II/EC/02

(CBCS)

(SECOND SEMESTER)

ECONOMICS

SECOND PAPER

(Micro-economics-II)

Full Marks: 50

Time: 2 hours

Instructions:

- 1. Questions should be attempted as per instructions.
- 2. Do not copy the Questions. Indicate the Questions No. clearly while attempting the answer.
- 3. Multiple choice answer should indicate the Question No., Sub. No., (if any) and the correct answer. For example-
 - 1. Name the state capital of Mizoram.
 - (a) Lunglei (b) Aizawl (c) Champhai

Candidate should provide answer as **Q. No. 1: (b) Aizawl** [Candidate should avoid writing only (b)]

- 4. The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.
- 5. Separate answer script should be used.

(PART: A- OBJECTIVE)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION -A

(Marks: 10)

- I. Tick (\checkmark) the correct answer in the brackets provided: 1x10=10
- 1. Risk-bearing theory of profits was propounded by ;-
- a) Prof Taussing
- b) JB say

c) Prof Knight

- d) Prof Hawley
- 2. Marginal productivity theory was first propounded by :-
- a) JM Keynes

b) JB Clark

c) Von-Thunen

d) WicksteedWalras

3. A market where there i	is only one b	uyer					
a) Monopoly	b) Monopolistic competition						
c) Monopsony	d) Bi-latera	l monopoly					
4. In order to maximize which	profits, a fi	rm should produce at the output level for					
(a) Average cost is minimised(c) marginal cost is minimised		b) Marginal cost equals marginal revenue(d) All of the above					
5. If $NPV > 0$, then the pr	roject is						
a) Rejectedc) Accepted or rejected		b) Acceptedd) None of the above					
6. The exact amount of tiproject as calculated from a) Capital budgeting c) Internal Rate of Return	n cash inflow	for a firm to recover its initial investment in a vs is known as b) Payback period d) Net Present Value					
7. According to Kaldor-lincrease the social welfar	-	ensation criteria, the proposed change will					
a) The gains are equal to	the losses	b) The gains are greater than the losses					
c) The losses are greater than the gains d) None of the above							
_	optimum was	s introduced in Welfare Economics by b) A. C. Pigou d) A. Marshall					
9. If the quantity of capit country B, then using cap		y A is more than the quantity of capital in efinition -					
a) Country B is rich in Capital c) Country A is rich in Capital		•					
10. The first classical theory of International Trade is given by (a) Friedman (b) Keynes (c) Adam Smith (d) Heckscher-Ohlin							

Cont/-

SECTION – B

(Marks:10)

II. Write short notes on any two (2) of the following: (5x2=10)

1. Gross 1	Interest	OR	Net Interest.

2. Supply of factor services OR Monopsony

3. Value Judgement OR Pareto Optimality

4. Cost-benefit analysis OR NPV

5. International trade OR Inter-regional trade

(PART: B – DESCRIPTIVE)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

III. Answer any two (2) of the following questions: (15x2 = 30)

1. State and explain the Ricardian Theory of Rent.

OR

Critically explain the Innovation theory of profit.

2. Discuss the factors affecting the firms's demand for factor service.

OR

Explain the factor market equilibrium under imperfect competition.

3. Critically discuss the social welfare function of Bergson.

OR

Explain AC Pigou's theory of social welfare.

4. Explain the Internal Rate of Return methods of project evaluation.

OR

Briefly explain the net present value method of evaluating an investment projects.

5. Critically explain the Comparative advantage theory of international trade.

OR

Explain with diagram Price terms definition of factor abundance as given by Heckscher-Ohlin
