2017

(4th Semester)

ECONOMICS

FOURTH PAPER

(Macroeconomics—II)

Full Marks: 75

Time: 3 hours

(PART: B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks*: 50)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks *for the questions*

UNIT—I

1. *(a)* Define money. Describe various functions of money. 2+8=10

Or

Discuss Fisher's quantity theory of 10 money.

UNIT—II

Discuss the process of credit creations by the commercial banks.

Or

State and explain various qualitative methods of credit control which are generally adopted by the central bank. 10

UNIT—III

3. (a) Explain the nature and characteristics of trade cycle. Briefly describe the important measures to control trade cycle. 4+6=10

Or

Critically discuss Hawtrey's monetary theory of trade cycle. 10

UNIT—IV

Discuss various measures to control inflation in an economy. 10

Or

Explain how Phillips curve relates unemployment and inflation in the economy.

10

10

G7/319a (Turn Over) G7/319a

(Continued)

(3)

Unit-V

5. (a) Discuss Harrod-Domar model of economic growth.

Or

(b) Discuss the relationship between economic growth and technical progress.

Booklet No. A
Date Stamp
To be filled in by the Candidate
DEGREE 4th Semester
(Arts / Science / Commerce /
Roll No
Subject Paper Descriptive Type Booklet No. B

only.

2017

(4th Semester)

ECONOMICS

FOURTH PAPER

(Macroeconomics—II)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer **all** questions

SECTION—A (Marks: 10)

Put a Tick (\checkmark) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : $1\times10=10$

1.	Who	states,	"bad	money	drives	good	money	out	of
	circu	lation w	hen b	oth of the	hem are	e full l	egal ten	der"	

(a) John Maynard Keynes ()

(b) Milton Friedman ()

(c) Thomas Gresham ()

/319

2. Paper currency standard is also referred to as
(a) managed currency standard ()
(b) gold currency standard ()
(c) silver currency standard ()
3. Which of the following is not a function of commercial banks?
(a) Acceptance of deposits ()
(b) Advancing of loans ()
(c) Monopoly of issuing notes ()
4. Which of the following is a qualitative method of credit control of a central bank?
(a) Bank rate ()
(b) Open market operation ()
(c) Rationing of credit ()
ECO/IV/04 /319

5.	Ove with	er-investment theory of trade cycle is associated
	(a)	R. G. Hawtrey ()
	(b)	F. A. Hayek ()
	(c)	J. R. Hicks ()
6.	Dui	ring the phase of recession of a trade cycle
	(a)	investment, income, employment and demand decline ()
	(b)	investment falls but income rises ()
	(c)	income, employment and investment rise ()
7.		ich of the following refers to as a moderate degree controlled inflation?
	(a)	Deflation ()
	(b)	Reflation ()
	(c)	Stagflation ()
ECO	/IV/0	04/319

8.	Which of the following is a monetary measure to control inflation in an economy?
	(a) Increase in money supply ()
	(b) Demonetization of currency ()
	(c) Increase in government expenditure ()
9.	Technological progress helps
	(a) increase in overall productivity ()
	(b) economic growth ()
	(c) Both of the above ()
10.	The technique of production in which the amount of capital used per unit of output is larger than that of labour is known as
	(a) capital-intensive technique ()
	(b) modern technique ()
	(c) scientific technique ()
ECO	/IV/04 /319

(5)

SECTION—B

(*Marks* : 15)

Write short notes on the following: $3\times5=15$

1. High-powered money

2. Open market operation

3. Concept of accelerator

4. Cost-push inflation

(9)

5. Sources of economic growth
