## 2019 (CBCS) (2nd Semester)

## POLITICAL SCIENCE

SECOND PAPER

(Indian Government and Politics)

Full Marks: 75

Time: 3 hours

( PART: A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks: 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A (Marks: 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1. The Fundamental Rights are enshrined in

 $1 \times 10 = 10$ 

					_									
	(a)	Part	III o	f the Ir	ndian	Co	onstitu	ıtion		(	)			
	(b) Part IV of the Indian Constitution									(	)			
	(c) Part II of the Indian Constitution							tion		(	)			
2.	Nat	ional	Eme	rgency	can	be	procla	imed	in	the	cou	ntry	und	er
	(a)	Artic	le 35	52	(	)								
	(b)	Artic	le 35	56	(	)								
	(c)	Artic	le 36	50	(	)								

3.	The Supreme Court judges retire at the age of									
	(a) 60 years ( )									
	(b) 62 years ( )									
	(c) 65 years ( )									
4.	4. Panchayati Raj Institution was first introduc	nchayati Raj Institution was first introduced in								
	(a) Gujarat ( )									
	(b) Haryana ( )									
	(c) Rajasthan ( )									
5.	5. The first elected permanent President of the	Constituent Assembly was								
	(a) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar ( )									
	(b) Dr. Rajendra Prasad ( )									
	(c) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan ( )									
6.	<b>6.</b> Article I of the Constitution describes India	as a								
	(a) Federal State ( )	) Federal State ( )								
	(b) Unitary State ( )									
	(c) Union of States ( )									
7.	7. The minimum qualifying age to be the Pres	ident of India is								
	(a) 30 years ( )									
	(b) 35 years ( )									
	(c) 40 years ( )									
8.	8. The Chief Minister is appointed by									
	(a) The President of India ( )	a) The President of India ( )								
	(b) The Prime Minister of India ( )	) The Prime Minister of India ( )								
	(c) The Governor of a State ( )									

9.	The	e love for a particular area where one belongs is called									
	(a)	Communalism ( )									
	(b)	Nationalism ( )									
	(c)	Regionalism ( )									
10.	The	The 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act was passed by the Lok Sabha on									
	(a)	27th April, 1993 ( )									
	(b)	22nd December, 1992 ( )									
	(c)	1st January, 2000 ( )									
		SECTION—B									
		( <i>Marks</i> : 15 )									
Ans	wer/	/Write on the following in a few sentences each :	3×5=15								
1.	Thr	ree Fundamental Duties of the Indian Constitution									
		OR									
	Mer	ntion different sources of the Indian Constitution.									
2.	Three Unitary features of the Indian Constitution										
		OR									
	Wha	at is Federalism?									
3.	. How is the Prime Minister of India appointed?										
		OR									
	Write down three functions of State legislature.										
4.	Jud	dicial Review in India									
		OR									
	Composition of the Election Commission of India										
5.	• Write three factors responsible for the growth of Regionalism in India.										
		OR									
	Con	mposition of Panchayati Raj Institution									
DOI (	C /II /1	EC/02 <b>/523 3</b>	[ Contd								
I OL	2/11/ <sub>1</sub>	EC/02/020	[ Contd.								

## ( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( *Marks* : 50 )

The questions are of equal value

**1.** Describe the ideals and philosophy enshrined in the Preamble to the Constitution of India.

OR

Write an essay on the Fundamental Rights of the Constitution of India.

2. Examine the tension areas in Centre-State relations.

OR

Discuss the Amendment procedures of the Indian Constitution.

3. Discuss the powers and functions of the President of India.

OR

Examine the powers and functions of the Governor of a State.

**4.** Examine the powers and functions of the High Court.

OR

Discuss the powers and functions of the Election Commission of India.

5. Examine the main causes of communalism in India.

OR

Discuss the working of municipalities in India with special reference to the 74th Amendment to the Constitution of India.

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